



## **NKTR-255: Accessing The Immunotherapeutic Potential Of IL-15 for NK Cell** Therapies

Saul Kivimäe **Senior Scientist, Research Biology Nektar Therapeutics** 

## NK Cell-Based Cancer Immunotherapy, September 26-27, 2018 | Boston, MA

## The immunity cycle and multiple points of intervention for I-O therapies



**NEKTAR** 

Source:

2

## Nektar's immuno-oncology strategy to create therapies that cover the immunity cycle



**NEKTAR** 

# The potential of IL-15 in immuno-oncology



**NEKTAR** 

- roles in innate and adaptive immunity
- Key role in formation and maintenance of immunological memory
- and homeostasis
- induced NK cell dysfunction

# IL-15 is a pleiotropic cytokine with

Identified by NCI as one of the most promising immuno-oncology agents

Essential factor for NK development

In vitro, IL-15 can reverse tumor-

# The challenge to therapeutic use of IL-15

IL-15 displays rapid clearance from plasma

**NEKTAR** 

In vivo signaling activity is similarly short-lived



Mouse PK: IL-15 0.5mpk i.p., serum assayed by ELISA

Mouse PD: IL-15 0.3mpk i.p., whole blood stained for leukocyte surface markers and pSTAT5, measured by flow cytometry

Requires daily dosing or multi-day continuous infusion for optimal activity with high **Cmax-related toxicity** 

# NKTR-255 – polymer conjugated IL-15

## Design Goals:

- Improve PK and PD to sustain IL-15 activity and achieve large pharmacodynamic effect without need for daily dosing
- Retain binding to IL-15Rα to maintain full spectrum of IL-15 biology
- No mutagenesis or complex to soluble IL-15Rα
- As a result, NKTR-255:
  - Stimulates NK cell activation and proliferation
  - Supports CD8 T-cell survival and memory formation
  - Shows efficacy in various syngeneic tumor models

NKTR-255 is first potential medicine to access the IL-15 pathway by preserving receptor binding to IL-15R $\alpha$  with antibody-like dosing





# NKTR-255 achieves sustained plasma exposure in mice, rats and NHP after single dose



- PEGylation Significantly Improved NKTR-255 PK Profiles:
  - PEGylation significantly enhanced plasma exposure and reduced total clearance
  - Extended plasma exposure across the species on single dose (Mice, Rat and NHP)





Note: Parent IL-15 was not dosed in the Rat PK study; No apparent gender differences are noted in the Cyno study

# Binding to IL-15Rα is required to access the biological functions of IL-15

- Three potential modes of interaction
  - Trans-presentation: IL-15 binds to IL-15R $\alpha$  on one cell (eq. DC) then signals through R $\beta\gamma$  on a second cell (eq. T-cell)
  - Cis-presentation: soluble IL-15 binds to IL-15R $\alpha$  and R $\beta\gamma$  on the same cell •
  - Binding of soluble complex: soluble IL-15:IL-15R $\alpha$  heterodimer binds to R $\beta\gamma$ •



Design NKTR-255 to maintain IL-15 biological context

IL-15/IL-15R $\alpha$  therapeutic fusion protein signals in an IL-15R $\alpha$  independent manner, loses biological context **NEKTAR** 

(Stonier and Schluns, 2010)

## NKTR-255 retains affinity for IL-15R $\alpha$



Conjugate	k <sub>on</sub> (М <sup>-1</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> )	k <sub>off</sub> (s <sup>-1</sup> )	K <sub>D</sub> (pM)	
IL-15	7.88 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.33 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	16.2	
NKTR-255	1.08 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.69 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	182	

- Many conjugates were screened for ability to bind IL-15Rα
- Conjugation chemistry parameters were carefully optimized
- NKTR-255 affinity for IL-15R $\alpha$  is ~10X weaker than IL-15

Affinity measured by BIAcore, using IL-15R $\alpha$ :Fc captured by immobilized anti-Fc NKTR-255 interaction with  $\beta$  and  $\alpha\beta$  were also ~8-10X weaker than IL-15

**NEKTAR** 

9

## NKTR-255 signaling is mediated via IL-15Rα



**NEKTAR** 

100-

75-

50

25-

-4

% pSTAT5 (CD45)

NKTR-255 signaling is dependent on IL-15R $\alpha$  as with IL-15

# NKTR-255 drives IL-15-like signaling across species



IL-15 EC50 (ng/ml)	NK	CD8 T	CD4 T	NKTR-255 EC50 (ng/ml)	NK	CD8 T
Human	0.48	1.5	1.6	Human	5.1	4.9
Cyno-monkey	0.24	2.6	4.0	Cyno-monkey	6.9	39
Mouse	1.8	0.27	1.2	Mouse	42	3.4

- In human, NKTR-255 exhibits equal potency across three populations
- NKTR-255 potency to NK cells is preserved across species except for mouse
- NKTR-255 potency to T cells is different depending on species
- NKTR-255 species difference is similar to that for IL-15
- Varying potency across species attributed to differences in IL-15 Ra expression level

## NEKTAR

CD4 T
5.3
53
19

# **Conclusions: NKTR-255 PK and target engagement**

- NKTR-255 dramatically improves IL-15 receptor agonist exposure enabling low frequency administration
- NKTR-255 enables sustained IL-15 receptor pathway engagement in NK and T cells
- $\blacktriangleright$  NKTR-255 retains IL-15R $\alpha$  binding specificity maintaining IL-15 biological context







# Functional characterization of NKTR-255 across immune cell subsets in rodents and nonhuman primates



## NKTR-255 drives IL-15 receptor signaling and proliferation in CD8 T and NK cells in mice



## NK cells are the most sensitive in NKTR-255 dose response compared to CD4 and CD8 T cells in vivo in NHPs



**NEKTAR** 

Cynomolgus monkeys NKTR-255 IV dose response PD: blood stained for leukocyte surface markers and pSTAT5 + Ki67, measured by flow cytometry



- 0.1 mg/kg

0.1 mg/kg

0.01 mg/kg

- vehicle

- 0.003 mg/kg
- 0.001 mg/kg
- vehicle



# Increased NKTR-255 sensitivity in CD8 T cell memory populations compared to naïve CD8 T cells in vivo in NHPs



## **NEKTAR**

Cynomolgus monkeys NKTR-255 IV dose response PD: blood stained memory markers (CD45RA, CD197, CD95) in CD8 T parent gate.

- --- 0.1 mg/kg
- 🔶 0.01 mg/kg
- 🗕 0.001 mg/kg
- vehicle

## NK cells at all stages of maturation are highly responsive to NKTR-255

## **Terminal Effector (CD11b+CD27+)**

Most mature Activation tightly regulation Higher activation threshold

## **High Effector (CD11b+CD27+)**

High cytokine secretion Great effector function Lower activation threshold







# NKTR-255 increases expression of effector functions in NK cells in mice



## **NEKTAR**<sup>°</sup>

untreated

- vehicle
- NKTR-255, 0.03 mg/kg
- NKTR-255, 0.3 mg/kg

## NKTR-255 increases levels of cytotoxic enzymes in NK cells in **NHPs**



NKTR-255 increases protein levels of constitutively expressed cytolytic enzymes Granzyme B and Perforin in NK cells

## **NEKTAR**

# **NKTR-255 enhances murine splenic NK cytotoxicity**



A single in vivo dose (0.3 mg/kg) of NKTR-255 sustains NK cell killing activity for at least 6 days ex vivo





Label cells with 7-AAD; Analyze lysis of target cells via flow cytometry

## In vivo comparison summary of NK vs T cell responses to **NKTR-255**

NK cells most sensitive to NKTR-255 stimulation in vivo in mice and NHPs

- %pSTAT5 and %Ki67 increases measurable at lowest tested dose level (0.001 mg/kg) in NHP
- Lowest dose level requirement for effective in vivo expansion in NK cells
- NKTR-255 increases intracellular levels of cytotoxic enzymes and prolongs cytotoxic activity of NK cells
- Higher sensitivity to NKTR-255 in CD8 memory T cells relative to naïve CD8 T cells
  - Graded sensitivity within memory subpopulations ( $T_{EM}>T_{SCM}>T_{CM}>T_{Naive}$ ) in proliferative response
- CD4 T cells are the less responsive T cell population to NKTR-255 stimulation in mice and NHPs

## NEKIAR



# NKTR-255 in vivo anti-tumor efficacy





## NKTR-255 has potential to enhance anti-cancer immunotherapy via both NK and CD8 cells

## NK cell biology

- Activation balance among human NK subtypes
  - IL-15 is similarly potent to regulatory CD56<sup>bright</sup> and cytotoxic CD56<sup>dim/null</sup> NK sub-populations
  - IL-15 pre-activated NK cells show sustained function

## CD8 cell biology

- Supporting memory CD8 T cell longevity and function
  - IL-15 maintains Ag-specific effector CD8 T cells after the contraction phase by promoting their survival and proliferation





## **NEKTAR**

# NKTR-255 enhances NK cell-dependent anti-tumor efficacy in disseminated CT26 lung metastasis model



## NKTR-255 efficacy in disseminated CT26 model is NK cell dependent

## NK cell proliferation in the lung



\*=p<0.05 vs Vehicle, unpaired Student t test



NKTR-255 0.1 mg/kg; q7dx2, i.v.

NKTR-255 0.3 mg/kg; g7dx2, i.v.

\*\*\*\*=p<0.0001 vs Vehicle ^^^^=p<0.0001 vs NKT-13102 0.03 mg/kg ####=p<0.0001 vs NKT-13102 0.1 mg/kg (One-way ANOVA, Tukey's multiple comp.))

## **NK cell proliferation**



Hrs post last dose

# A single dose of NKTR-255 provides sustained protection against lung colonization by circulating tumor cells



% Lung Nodules inhibition



# of days between NKTR-255 dose and CT26 inoculation



## NKTR-255 inhibits establishment of spontaneous lung metastasis in 4T1 tumor model



# Summary

NKTR-255 may overcome many limitations of IL-15 as a therapeutic agent.

- Improved PK to allow infrequent administration
- Provides sustained IL-15 PD activity from a single dose
- Achieves full breadth of signaling profile characteristic to IL-15
- $\triangleright$  By design, NKTR-255 maintains binding affinity for IL-15R $\alpha$
- NKTR-255 promotes the proliferation of memory T cells and induces significant NK cell expansion and increased cytotoxic activity
- NKTR-255 enhances NK dependent anti-tumor immune responses in vivo
- NKTR-255 enables access to the immunotherapeutic potential of the IL-15 pathway by enhancing expansion and activation of both NK and CD8 T cells